

CNTX

Contrast Sensor



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Cautions and Warnings

SET-UP DISTANCE ADJUSTMENT:

As a general rule, the sensor should be fixed at a 15° to 20° angle from directly perpendicular to the target surface. This will prevent direct reflected signal from glossy surfaces.

To obtain maximum tolerance to distance variation, place the target at the greatest distance it is likely to be in the application, for example, flat against a guide surface. Carefully adjust the sensor distance to obtain the highest reading on the white background and note the reading. Now move it slightly further away, to get approximately 5% lower reading and fix sensor at that distance. This will allow the target to move closer, back to the highest reading, then closer still down to 5% lower. The result should be a minimum of 2mm of allowable flutter with <5% change in reading.

CAUTION: The discrete output must not be connected to outputs from other sensors (i.e. outputs from multiple sensors must not be connected in parallel). Parallel connections may damage sensor output circuitry.

CAUTION: Sensor is not suitable for wash down or hazardous environments; a separate enclosure with the appropriate ratings is recommended for these applications"

IMPORTANT:

This product is an accessory or part of a system. Always read and follow the manufacturer's instructions for the equipment before connecting this product. Comply with all applicable codes and safety regulations. Failure to do so may result in damage, injury or death.

Certifications (CE, CSA, ETL)

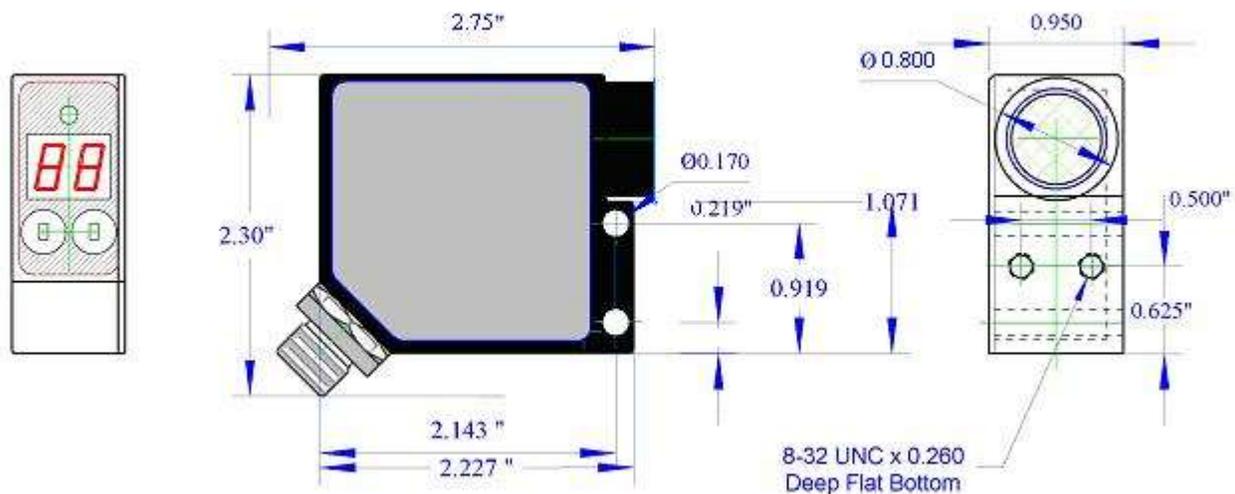
ETL, CE, and CSA certifications are in process.

Product Overview

The CNTX sensor combines small spot size and fast response to achieve high-speed contrast detection capable of detecting a wide variety of marks and objects. The CNTX effectively detects contrast differences between many colors on various surfaces over a range of 50 grayscale levels. The modulated white light source in the CNTX is focused to a 2.5 to 3mm spot and directed toward a target. The diffused light returning to the sensor is measured. When the level is equal to or exceeds the threshold the discrete output changes state. Due to the fast response of the sensor, it is suitable for use in high-speed applications. The sensor provides a discrete output that automatically configures to NPN and PNP. A PLC or a computer can be used to monitor the status of the discrete output signal.

The CNTX is a reliable, compact sensor with high-speed sensing capabilities. Two seven segment displays provide visual representation of the relative intensity from 00 to 50. The gain feature and 3 LED intensity settings provide for flexible operation over a wide range of colors.

Dimensional Details



Specifications

Specifications	
White light source	Broad spectrum LED. Min. 100.000 hours
Sensing distance	26mm
Spot size (dia.)	0.5 or 3mm
Depth of field	+/- 3mm from focal point (approx 28mm)
Response time	25uS
Switching Frequency	40kHz
LED Intensity	3 Levels
Relative Intensity Display Range	00 to 50
Sensitivity	X1,X10
Signal Level	Two 7 Segment digits
Detection threshold	Two 7 Segment digits
Digital Output	Auto-Detect PNP / NPN
Output Function	NO/NC Selectable
Analog Output	0...5V (% of full-scale, 20mV resolution)
Security	LOCK/ UN-LOCK keypad
Power indicator	Green LED
Detect indicator	Red LED
Programming indicator	Yellow LED
Data retention	EEPROM non-volatile memory
Dimensions	2.0"(51mm) x 2.4"(61mm) x 0.9"(23mm)
Weight	0.21 lbs. (95 g)
Supply Voltage	10...24 VDC
Operating Current	60mA
Short Circuit Protection	Yes (Outputs)
Overload/Reverse Polarity Protection	Yes(Supply Voltage)
Operating temperature	-20°C...55°C
Storage temperature	-20°C...70°C
Housing	Metal alloy
Mechanical protection	IP65 NOT FOR PRESSURE WASHDOWN

QUICKSTART GUIDE

1. The display range is 00 through 50. The decimal points indicate the LED intensity level. The RED LED above the display indicates that the intensity level exceeds the threshold setting.
2. Connect cable to power supply observing correct polarity. Reference wiring diagram.
3. Apply power; sensor will initialize and perform its power up sequence.
4. To obtain maximum tolerance to distance variation, place the target at the greatest distance it is likely to be in the application, for example, flat against a guide surface. Select the target area for the presence or non-presence, depending on which condition yields the higher signal level. Carefully adjust the sensor distance to obtain the highest reading in this pre-determined area and note the reading. Now move the sensor slightly further away, to get approximately 5% lower reading and fix sensor at that distance. This will allow the target to move closer, back to the highest reading, then closer still down to 5% lower. The result should be a minimum of 2mm of allowable flutter with <5% change in reading.
5. Place a sample (or use the back cover of this manual) with background into the sensor spot and note the reading, move the sample 2nd area or condition that the sensor will encounter and note the reading. Set the threshold between these 2 values.
6. Various adjustments may be made to increase or decrease sensitivity; refer to the Sections Calibration Adjustment and LED Intensity Level. Refer to Section: Threshold, to alter threshold setting.
7. User programmable parameters are discussed in detail in the following sections.

OPERATION

Power up

Upon power up, the sensor initializes by turning on all segments on the display and sequencing through red, yellow and green on the status LED located above the display.

Intensity display mode

During normal operation the sensor display will indicate the relative intensity of a target within the viewing area. The range of the relative intensity display is 00 through 50. The decimal points on the display indicate the LED output intensity. No decimal points indicate low, one decimal point indicates medium and two decimal points indicate high intensity.

Threshold

When the relative intensity level exceeds the threshold setting the red status LED will turn on and the discrete output will activate, indicating detection of the target. When the relative intensity level drops below the threshold (as determined by the hysteresis setting), the red LED will extinguish and the discrete output will de-activate. The threshold setting allows the user to select the detection level. The default setting is 15.

While the current threshold is shown on the display, press the + or - key to increase or decrease the setting, then wait several seconds for the sensor to return to the normal intensity display mode.

Local Lock

The local lock feature allows the sensor to be locked out, preventing adjustments by unauthorized personnel. To lock the sensor, press the **P/-** and **T/+** buttons for 3 seconds until **LL** is displayed. To un-lock the sensor, press the **T/+** and **P/-** for 3 seconds until **LL** is not displayed. While the sensor is locked, pressing either **P/-** or **T/+** will result in **LL (Local Lock)** indication on the display.

Programmable Parameters

All adjustments made to these parameters are stored in memory and are retained when power is removed. To enter programming mode press and hold the **P/-** key for several seconds, the LED intensity setting will be displayed. Press and release the **P/-** key to scroll through the various settings. Press and release the **T/+** key to change a particular setting. Press and hold the **P/-** for several seconds to return to the normal intensity display mode. The user programmable items are described below.

LED Intensity Level (U)

The LED intensity is indicated on the display as U1, U2 and U3 for low, medium and high intensity. Press and release the **T/+** key to toggle through the 3 intensity levels. The default setting is U2, medium intensity.

Hysteresis Level (H)

The hysteresis setting is indicated by H0 through H9. The hysteresis level is how far below the threshold the signal must fall to de-activate or un-detect. The hysteresis can be set from 0 to 9. For example, if the threshold is set at 25 and the intensity exceeds 25, the sensor will detect and activate its output. With the hysteresis set to 5, the signal must drop to 20 to un-detect. This feature is useful in cases where there may be variation within a target that might cause the intensity to drop below the threshold slightly; the hysteresis allows the output to remain activated until the level drops significantly. Press and release the **T/+** key to change the hysteresis setting. The default setting is 2.

Discrete Output Configuration

This setting allows the user to select either normal open (no) or normally closed (nc) configuration. The normally open configuration de-activates the output during normal un-detect operation, and activates the output upon detect. The normally closed configuration activates the output during normal un-detect operation, and de-activates the output upon detect. Press and release the **T/+** key to toggle through the selections. Default is normally open.

Extend Output Pulse (P)

This feature allows extending the minimum length of time that the discrete output remains active following target detection. The sensor response can be in the 100uS (microsecond) range, i.e. a target can move through the sensing range in 100uS and the discrete output would active for only that duration. A slower acquisition system (PLC) may not sample its inputs at a fast enough rate to capture the signal. The discrete output pulse can be extended from 0 to 90mS (milliseconds) in 10 mS increments as indicated by P0 though P9 on the display. Press and release the **T/+** key to toggle through the selections.

Null Offset (nu)

NOTE: Always perform the null function when installing or removing optional lens or changing LED intensities.

The null feature allows the sensor to be “zeroed”. For example, when the target is not in view and there is a background that causes a reading above zero, the null feature allows this level to be subtracted out, allowing the display to indicate 00. Press and hold the **T/+** key to null the sensor. The display will flash the value that is being subtracted. To set the sensor back to a true zero, aim the sensor away from any target and repeat the null process.

Gain Adjustment (r)

To change the gain setting press and release the **T/+** key to toggle through the selections. R1 indicates a gain of 1; R2 indicates a gain of 10. The selected gain is stored in memory and is retained when power is removed. After changing the gain setting always perform the null offset (**nu**) to re-zero the sensor.

Teach Function

The teach function allows the user to set the threshold by placing a representative target located at the required distance and allowing the sensor to determine the optimum LED intensity and setting of the threshold level.

1. Press and hold the **T/+** key for several seconds until the yellow led flashes.
2. Place the target at the appropriate distance from the sensor and press the **P/-** key. The display will flash 3 times and the sensor will adjust the LED intensity level to achieve reasonable signal level. The green LED will flash.
3. Remove the target and press the **P/-** key. The display will flash 3 times.
4. Exit the teach function and return to the normal operating mode by Pressing the **T/+** key for several seconds.

When in the teach mode the LED flashes constantly, yellow, green or red. Yellow indicates that the sensor is ready to be taught the Detect level. Green indicates that the sensor is ready to be taught the Undetect level. Red indicates that the last attempt to teach resulted in an error. If the error occurred during the teaching of the Detect level then the signal intensity was less than

01. If the error occurred during the teaching of the Undetect level, then the signal intensity was greater than or equal to the threshold level. In either case, repeat the teach function to properly set the levels.

Output Signals

Discrete Output

The discrete output is a PNP/NPN configuration allowing the user to provide a load on this output that is either pulled high to VDC or low to ground. The sensor monitors this level and automatically determines whether to operate the PNP/NPN driver. This output is typically connected to a PLC. The output remains active as long as the intensity level exceeds the threshold, in high-speed applications it may be useful to use the Extend Output Pulse feature to lengthen the signal duration to meet acquisition requirements of the PLC.

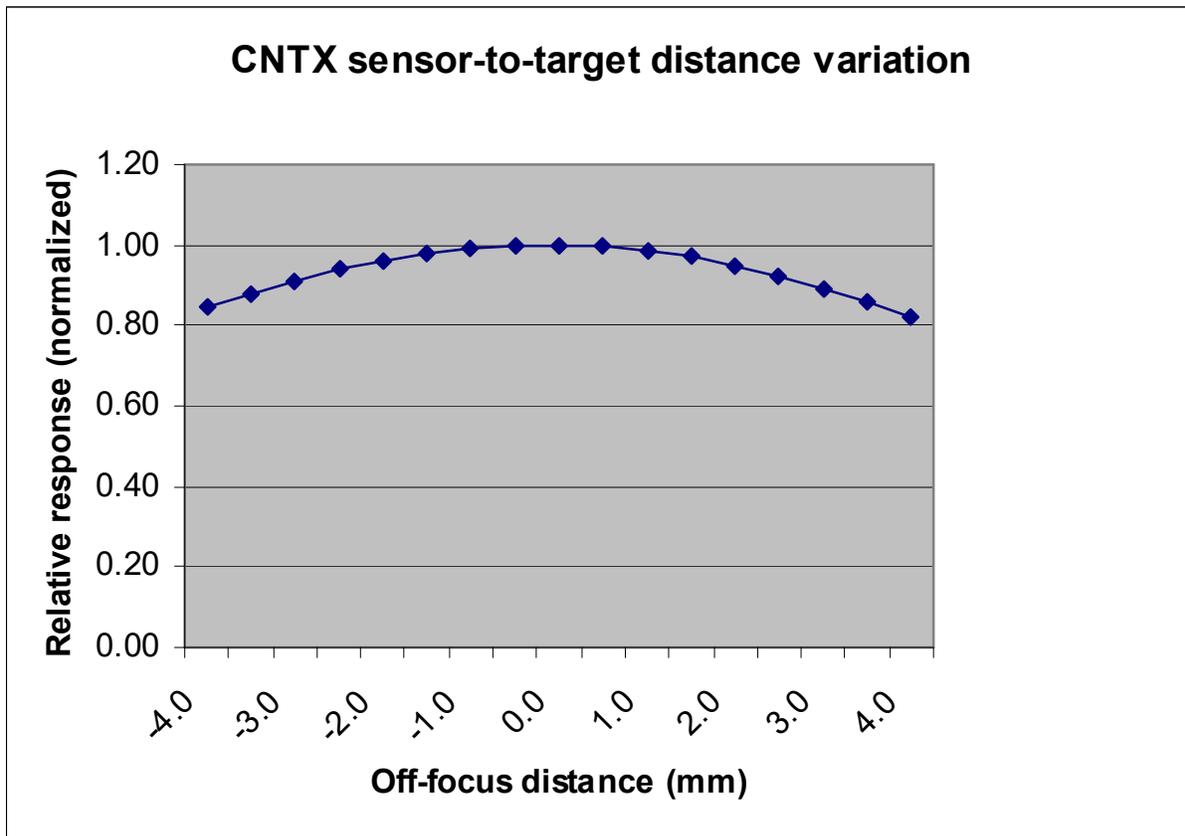
CAUTION: The discrete output must not be connected to outputs from other sensors (i.e. outputs from multiple sensors must not be connected in parallel). Parallel connections may damage sensor output circuitry.

Analog Output

The analog output is 0-5V with 20mV resolution (8-bit). Any standard analog input channel typically available on a PLC may monitor this output. The analog output signal is useful in applications where simply triggering on the threshold is insufficient. For example, constant real-time monitoring of intensity in process allows minor fluctuations or trends to be detected permitting corrective action to be taken.

Remote Lock/Unlock Input

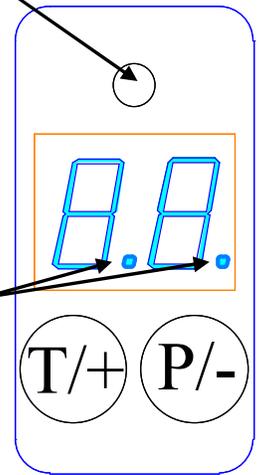
The remote lock feature allows the user to lock out the local controls (keys) to prevent operators from making unauthorized adjustments. This signal line must be connected to VDC to lock the sensor. This line may be left unconnected if the lock feature is not used. While the sensor is locked, pressing either **P/-** or **T/+** will result in **rL** (remote **L**ock) indication on the display.



Controls and Indicators

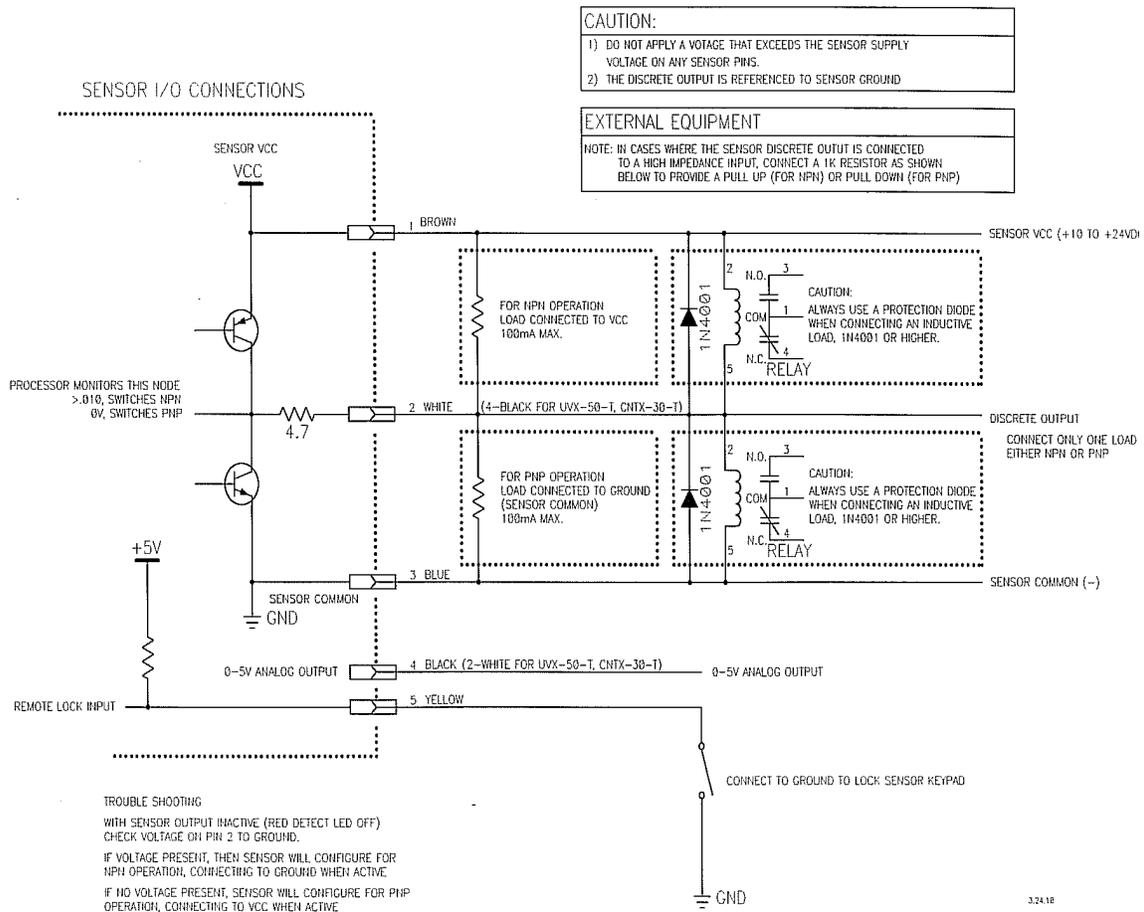
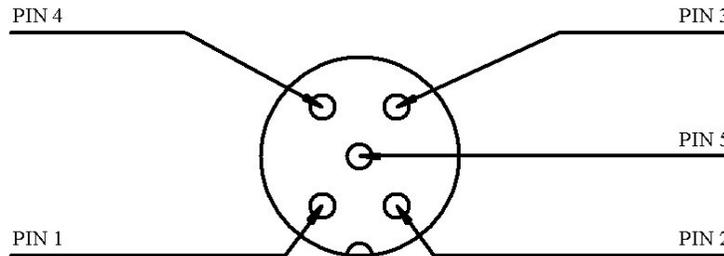
Indicators	
Green LED	Threshold Mode while in Undetect
Red LED	Detect
Yellow LED	Threshold Mode while in Detect

Display decimal points	
None illuminated	LED low intensity
One illuminated	LED medium intensity
Two illuminated	LED high intensity



Connections

M12 Connector	Wire Color	Description
Pin 1	Brown	Power 10 to 24VDC
Pin 2	White	Discrete output, PNP/NPN, NO/NC
Pin 3	Blue	Ground
Pin 4	Black	Analog (0-5V)
Pin 5	Yellow	Remote lock



Ordering Information

CNTX-30-0	Contrast sensor, 3mm spot size
CNTX-05-0	Contrast sensor, 0.5mm spot size

Accessories



UVX300-BRKT
Bracket



UVX 300-C
5 meter cable with M12
5-pin connector

Warranty

EMX Industries Incorporated warrants all products to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for a period of two years under normal use and service from the date of sale to our customer. This warranty does not cover normal wear and tear, abuse, misuse, overloading, altered products, damage caused by incorrect connections, lightning damage, or use other than intended design.

There is no warranty of merchantability. There are no warranties expressed or implied or any affirmation of fact or representation except as set forth herein.

EMX Industries Inc. sole responsibility and liability, and the purchaser's exclusive remedy shall be limited to the repair or replacement at EMX Industries option of a part or parts found not conforming to the warranty. In no event shall EMX Industries Inc. be liable for damages, including but not limited to damages resulting from non-conformity, defect in material or workmanship.

Effective date: January 1st, 2002

